

PROBATION POLICY

Brief Description (max 50 words)	This policy sets out the procedures for carrying out probationary reviews for all our Staff: Support Staff, Academics (Early Career)*, Academics (Experienced) and Senior Staff, and Managers, including the pro-cess for dealing with unsatisfactory performance
Version Number	3.3
Document Reference	POD003
Policy Owner / Dept	People & Organisational Development
Equality Impact Assessment Probation Policy EIA.pdf	This document has been assessed for equality impact on the protected groups, as set out in the Equality Act 2010. This Policy is applicable as outlined in the 'scope' irrespective of age, disability, sex, gender reassignment, pregnancy, maternity, race (which includes colour, nationality, and ethnic or national origins), sexual orientation, religion or belief, marriage, or civil partnership

Amendment History

Version	Date	Reviewer Name(s)	Summary of changes
3.1	27/6/24	Teresa Steward	Removal of APA qualification route which has resulted in an amendment of review periods. An optional mid -period review opportunity has been included for Support staff as a supportive measure, if required.

Probation Policy

Version: 3.3

Issued: Nov 2024

Review date: Oct 2028

3.2	08/10/24	Julie Burton	Clarity around Safeguarding matters which may come to light during probationary period. Appeal process stipulated as being as per the UoS Appeals Procedure. Changes to notice periods during probation periods included.
3.3	Jan 25	Debbie Holder	Changed to new template

Contents

- 1. Introduction.....4
- 2. Scope.....4
- 3. Induction Arrangements4
- 4. Qualification Routes For Academics.....5
- 5. Mentor Programmes/Buddy Arrangements6
- 6. Procedure.....7
- 6.1 Implementation And Recording Of Probationary Objectives.....7
- 6.2 Review Meetings And Documentation.....7
- 7. Final Review.....9
- 8. Reasonable Adjustments9
- 10. Dismissal10
- 11. Appeal11

1. Introduction

University of Suffolk (UoS) aims for excellence and all newly appointed staff are subject to the satisfactory completion of a probationary period, as one way of demonstrating competence. UoS is committed to helping and supporting staff to achieve and maintain standards of job performance consistent with their terms and conditions of service.

The objectives of the probationary period are to:

- Ensure the appointee is fully inducted into their role, that expected standards of performance and behaviours are clear, and that any training and development needs are identified and completed before the end of the probation period.
- Provide the institution with an opportunity to assess the appointee's performance, attendance, behaviours, and conduct in relation to their role and the values of the University before deciding whether to confirm the appointment.
- Provide a fair and consistent framework for dealing with situations where an appointee has not wilfully or deliberately fallen short of required performance standards.
- Assist the appointee to develop their career in a manner which is both personally satisfying and consistent with the needs, goals, and values of the institution.
- Assist academic staff in achieving Fellow HEA in a timely manner. (compulsory requirement for academics undertaking learning & teaching who join without suitable qualification) via PgCAP, or PASSPoRT. Section 4 refers.

It is important for managers to address performance issues at an early stage to ensure there is clarity around how standards of performance and behaviours need to improve, and to enable the new employee the opportunity to achieve these improvements in a timely way. Most people want to perform their job well and will welcome timely and appropriate help, support, and guidance in achieving their objectives.

This policy does not form part of your contract of employment, and we reserve the right to amend or withdraw it at any time.

2. Scope

This policy applies to:

- University of Suffolk employees

Should service conditions apply to any part of this policy, this will be detailed as relevant.

3. Induction Arrangements

It is the manager's responsibility to ensure that new appointees are fully inducted into their roles and that

they understand how their role fits within their team and the University. Induction protocols should be followed as part of new appointees' on-boarding including POD, departmental and Corporate induction (further details are available on the [Hub](#)).

Within the first month of employment, it is important to set clear and achievable objectives for the probationary period (and to capture these in the objectives section of MyReview). This process will enable the new appointee to have a full understanding of what is expected of them and will enable line managers to assess whether appointees have achieved the required standard of performance, behaviours, engagement etc.

As part of the induction process, the manager should also discuss the appointee's training needs with them and agree how any training needs will be met.

New members of academic staff undertaking the HE teaching qualification will meet with their line manager and CELT to discuss the provision of the allocated programme, identify the support needed including the allocation of time and workload particularly around assessment deadlines.

Details of the Corporate training offer are available in the People & Organisational Development section of the staff Hub/ via Libcal or as advised by the line manager.

4. Qualification Routes For Academics

Early career academic staff joining without the qualification (or accepted equivalent), must complete the full PgCAP within their probationary period to gain Fellowship of HEA.

It is expected that the PgCAP will be successfully completed within the 18-month probation period, other than where the start date of the course prevents this (see below*).

Experienced academic staff, with a minimum of 3 years' teaching experience but without appropriate qualification, are required to gain Fellowship, usually via the PgCAP route, within their 12-month probation period.

<https://libguides.uos.ac.uk/celt/cpd/pgcap>

Alternatively, experienced academic new joiners may gain Fellowship HEA via the PASSPoRT portfolio route. This should also be completed within the first 12 months of employment.

<https://libguides.uos.ac.uk/celt/cpd/Fellowship/PASSPoRT>

Determination of the most appropriate route is undertaken on a case-by-case basis by the Centre for Learning & Teaching (CELТ).

Failure to gain FHEA may result in dismissal, either through the probationary route, or if employment has been confirmed following the probation period prior to completion of PASSPoRT or PgCAP through the relevant policy.

Exceptionally, where the start date of the qualification does not enable completion to be within the 12/ 18 month period, completion must be at the earliest opportunity thereafter. This requires clear evidence of successful progression towards gaining the qualification to be continuously evidenced throughout the probation period and that success is fully expected at the first opportunity for completion.

Experienced new academic staff who have already achieved FHEA are expected to proceed to SFHEA.

** Appointees are required to start the PgCap at the earliest available course start date following their joining the University. Where the nearest start date means that the course cannot be completed within the first 18 months, provision may be made for completion to be achieved after confirmation of a successful probation outcome, at the discretion of the Dean of School.*

For a probationer to be confirmed as being successful in completing their probation period whilst the qualification remains incomplete, they must be demonstrating satisfactory performance in their job role overall, including having completed all other mandatory training requirements and are fully expected to pass at the first opportunity following end of probation at 18 months (or 21 months if extension is deemed appropriate). This will be determined by the line manager who must be able to evidence and confirm that performance is at the requisite level against the following indicative standards (to be recorded on the Performance Management System); must have started the PgCAP and made good progress demonstrated by actively engaging, attending workshops and seminars completing, and submitting coursework that meets the requisite standards. Expected standards of overall performance must also be met in all other respects as required of the job role to be able to be considered for probation to be ended at either 18 (or 21 months if an extension has been applied) without the qualification being completed. Full progress details should be recorded on MyReview (via MyView self-service portal) to support decision making. Where staff are confirmed to their post without completion of the teaching qualification, where it then becomes evident that progress is not at the expected level, this would be dealt with under the Managing Performance Policy and may lead to dismissal.

5. Mentor Programmes/Buddy Arrangements

During the induction and probation period, managers should explore with the new appointee the need for a mentor. Mentors will normally occupy a similar type of role to that of the new appointee, ensuring that the sharing of knowledge and experience is as relevant as possible. Mentorship arrangements are currently locally managed where mentors hold positions within another area of the organisation in order that the mentor / mentee relationship can develop without prejudice, enabling the new appointee to freely share any issues with someone not within their department or School.

Academic staff will be provided with a mentor as follows:

- when undertaking PgCAP mentor will be provided who has completed the programme.
- When undertaking fellowship via PASSPoRT this will be a member of staff who has submitted via this route and been identified as someone with excellent practice.
- When joining a course team, this will be either the Course Leader or Head of Subject.
- For staff with Significant Responsibility for Research (SRR) this will be arranged by the Research Office.

Alternatively, informal use of a 'buddy' system maybe more appropriate particularly for Professional Services staff. A buddy may be an existing member of staff within the same School / Directorate to support the new appointee during the first few months of their employment. Where possible the 'buddy' should be of a similar grade with similar responsibilities.

6. Procedure

6.1 Implementation And Recording Of Probationary Objectives

Probationary objectives should be developed/agreed for each new starter upon commencement of employment. The probationary objectives should indicate:

- A description of the 'activity' to be undertaken including any level of achievement required.
- The criteria for success in relation to each objective i.e., how the performance of the objective can be demonstrated and evidenced and any specific behaviours which should be evidenced through the achievement of the objective.
- The details of any training or support that may be required to achieve each objective as well as any core training that must be undertaken.
- A target completion date for each objective.

It is important that the University's values and associated behaviours be incorporated in these initial objectives. The key values and associated behaviours that are of most importance for successful delivery of objectives or success in the role will be identified by the manager. Any identified values and underpinning behaviours should be incorporated in the objectives set for the employee's probationary period, enabling behaviour as well as competence to be assessed in a fair and transparent way; this expands the focus beyond **what** an employee to include **how** they do it.

Probationary objectives should be recorded via the system in place currently (as advised by POD) – separate guidance on this can be found [here](#).

6.2 Review Meetings And Documentation

Following the agreement of the Probationary objectives (which may also incorporate required training or development activity), managers will hold review meetings with the employee at the following intervals:

For Support Staff (Band 1-4):

- At 8 weeks of completed service
- At 15 weeks of completed service (optional mid-year review, if required)
- At 22 weeks of completed service

For Academic (Teaching) Staff and Senior Staff & Managers (Band 5 and above) no later than:

- At 12 weeks of completed service
- At 30 weeks of completed service
- At 48 weeks of completed service

For Academic (Early Career) Staff (Band 6):

- At 3 months completed service
- At 7 months completed service

- At 12 months completed service
- At 17 months completed service

Review meetings provide an opportunity to discuss and record the individual's progress during their probation period.

Line managers are responsible for arranging probation review meetings which should be held on or as near as possible to the review dates provided by People & Organisational Development. It is advisable that these meetings are arranged at commencement in role to ensure reviews are carried out in good time. Managers are advised to deal with unsatisfactory performance as it arises and not wait for probation re-views to address such matters.

A Probationary Review outcome record must be completed at, or immediately after, each Review Meeting. Outcomes should be completed and held on the system (as advised).

The probationary objectives set and captured on the relevant system should be reviewed to assess progress at each probationary meeting. Comments should be captured against the recorded objectives to document progress/ completion/ non completion.

Generally, probationary review discussions about the achievement of objectives may cover:

- Summary comments in relation to the progress made/achievement of that objective.
- Any improvements that may be required together with an associated timescale.
- Any training and/or support required in relation to the objective.
- Any general comments from the manager with regard to the employee's performance, behaviour and progress.

On occasions, the manager may identify that performance improvement is required in an area that was not initially included as an objective. Where this is the case, an additional objective may be loaded.

At each 'review' stage the manager will discuss and document on the probation review outcome record that:

- The required progress/achievement of objectives is on track, OR
- Improvement is required by the date of the next review or any earlier agreed date (only applicable before final review meeting), OR
- Improvement is required and as a result the probationary period requires extension, OR
- Progress / performance is significantly below expectations and concerns indicate that any further continuation is unlikely to lead to the required level of improvement therefore it is recommended to not confirm appointment/ to consider termination of employment

Review meetings are a two-way process, during which managers must:

- Ensure the individual is aware of the required standards and how their own performance compares
- Listen to the individual's views
- Give balanced and constructive feedback reflecting positives as well as negatives
- Ensure appropriate training and supervision is in place to support the individual
- Ensure reasonable adjustments are made to support staff with disabilities, see section below for more details

- Consider what steps may reasonably be taken to help support employees' health and wellbeing.

Managers must highlight any serious concerns about work performance or behaviour without delay to their People Business Partner. It may be necessary, on occasions, to hold review meetings more quickly than the standard timescales indicated within this policy, and, if there is a more serious matter that requires immediate attention, a final review meeting may be convened early to consider the matter. Under these circumstances, termination of the contract may be implemented if considered appropriate.

7. Final Review

The final review meeting will in most cases confirm that agreed objectives have been achieved or significant progress has been made and that suitability for the post is confirmed.

Once confirmed in post, new objectives can be set – these will be what the employee will be assessed against at their annual appraisal. It is recommended that there is a continuation of the selected values and behaviours as part of these objectives. As part of the annual appraisal, a decision can be made as to whether these need to be updated and changed depending on the priorities and context of the role/team.

In exceptional cases, the manager may consider that an extension of the probationary period is required to determine suitability / make a fair judgement on achievement of objectives or that progress made has been insufficient or performance/behaviours have fallen far short of the expected level in which case termination of employment (dismissal) may be recommended.

8. Reasonable Adjustments

While disability is in no way routinely associated with performance problems, managers must consider the possibility that under-performance is the result of a disability or medical condition. If this is the case, there is a statutory duty to make reasonable adjustments to the working arrangements to help reduce any disadvantage the appointee might otherwise experience. For example, it may be reasonable to provide specialist equipment to assist the appointee or to re-organise work allocation within a team. Managers should review the 'Adjustments at work' guidance and requirements form.

9. Extension To Probationary Period

If, as the probation period progresses, there is limited or no progress towards the required performance/behavioural standards required, the manager should seek the support of their People Business Partner. In exceptional circumstances probationary periods may be extended by a period of up to three months, subject to the agreement of the relevant Dean or Director. In the event of such a discussion, individuals may be accompanied by a representative (work colleague or trade union representative), if they wish.

Exceptional circumstances may be deemed to be applicable where performance is in the main satisfactory, but there are one or two outstanding objectives which must be completed before probation is approved as successful. Where it is doubtful that essential objectives will be met to the standards/performance required in an extended period, then it is unlikely to meet the threshold for exceptional circumstances to be applicable, and extension is not to be granted.

During an extension to probation period, managers should advise the individual of the necessary improvements required during the extended period and agree support and further training, as appropriate.

Any requirements or support measures offered should be documented within the system.

Two weeks before the end of the extended probation period, a further and final review meeting should be carried out after which a decision should be made by the line manager, based on performance and behaviours, as to whether the individual should be confirmed in post.

10. Dismissal

The University has the right to terminate the contract of an employee at any time during the probationary period. The table below sets out the notice periods applicable during probation and on successful completion of probation by contract type:

Employees whose employment is terminated should refer to their contract of employment to determine the relevant notice period as set in the table below.

Contract type	Notice period (during Probation)	Notice Period (after successful completion of probation)
Support staff (bands 1-4)	2 weeks	1 month
Academic Staff	6 weeks	3 months
Senior Staff & Managers (bands 5-9)	6 weeks	3 months
Senior Managers on SPOT salaries (above Band 9)	3 months	6 months

Dismissal on the grounds of unsatisfactory performance, conduct or behaviours during a probationary period will not usually be an outcome until and unless sufficient clear guidance has been given to the individual regarding the areas of improvement required, and appropriate support, guidance and training has been provided. Dismissal will also not usually occur unless the new appointee has been given a reasonable period to make the necessary improvements.

In exceptional cases however, if the actions or the behaviours of the individual are considered to be significantly detrimental, action to dismiss may be taken immediately.

Reasons for dismissal may include the following (however this list is not exhaustive):

- Inability to maintain an acceptable attendance record
- Failure to comply with organisational policies and procedures as directed by management including failure to act within the requirements of the contract of employment
- Failure to act in the best interest of the organisation
- Unsatisfactory performance in the role e.g. employee fails to display the key attributes and competencies required in the role or does not display appropriate behaviours, including inadequate progress against essential professional qualification requirements
- Failure to consistently deliver work against pre-agreed targets
- Failure to complete mandatory training

- Any activities or behaviours or conduct which is contra to those requested and expected by the university
- Safeguarding concerns – either within the workplace or relating to external or personal matters, including those notified to the University by other / external agencies (including for example a Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) substantiated outcome, the risk from which cannot be mitigated)
- Any single activity or behaviours which might reasonably constitute gross misconduct

If dismissal is a possible outcome of any meeting, the individual should (wherever possible) be notified in writing of this in advance of the meeting. Individuals may be accompanied by a representative (work colleague or trade union representative) if they wish.

Managers considering dismissal on grounds of unsatisfactory performance, behaviours or some other substantial reason (i.e concerns around safeguarding where it does not fall within the grounds of gross misconduct)during a probationary period must consult with their People Business Partner prior to dismissal.

Should dismissal occur, the individual will receive confirmation in writing including the right of appeal. (see Section 11).

It should be noted that there may be occasions when performance, behaviour or some other matter is considered to be of such a serious nature that it is required to escalate the matter immediately to a final review meeting (and on occasions of significant severity, without the usual notice requirements able to take place). In this situation, termination of contract may be facilitated within a quicker timescale than normal.

11. Appeal

Following dismissal, the individual has a right of appeal. Appeals should be made in writing to the Dean or Director of School/department within 5 working days from the date of their dismissal letter, stating their reasons for appeal.

Appeals will be heard in line with the University of Suffolk Appeals Procedure. The individual may be accompanied at the meeting by a trade union representative or work colleague.

Following the meeting, the outcome of the appeal will be confirmed to the individual by the Chair of Panel. The outcome of an appeal might be: -

- The decision to dismiss has been upheld
- Decision to reinstate the appointee with the condition of making the necessary improvements required within a reasonable specified period. Failure to make these improvements would result in dismissal.